



Invasive Species Meeting: Towards a Biosecurity Plan for the Firth of Clyde

20 September 2011

Largs Sailing Club



Firth of Clyde Biosecurity Plan

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- Biosecurity Plan - brings together various stakeholders to develop a co-ordinated approach to management of INNS.
- First of its kind in Europe

Management

- 3 tiered approach

Prevention – this is the most effective and least environmentally damaging option

Rapid Response - early detection and surveillance

Mitigation, Control & Eradication – where the INNS is widespread and eradication is not feasible, control of the population and mitigation against negative impacts is required

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- Management Strategy
 - Objective 1: Reduce risk of introduction and spread
 - Output 1 - Raise stakeholder awareness
 - Objective 2: Surveillance, detection, monitoring, rapid response
 - Output 2.1 - Early warning and monitoring systems in place
 - Output 2.2 – Rapid response mechanism
 - Objective 3: Control programmes
 - Output 3 – Control and eradication programmes in line with national policy